

Joe Sobieralski

President & CEO

Battle Creek Unlimited



JOE SOBIERALSKI, MPA

Battle Creek Unlimited

- 2016 President & CEO
- 2015 Vice President





Prior to Battle Creek Unlimited

- Executive Director
 - Southwestern Michigan Economic Growth Alliance
- City Manager
 - ❖Bangor, MI
- Village Manager
 - ❖ Village of Stevensville, MI

PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

Traditional economic development (factory and job chasing) is expensive, time consuming, and few and far between these days. A historical look at Battle Creek's economic development efforts. From one of the most successful industrial parks in the nation, that includes foreign direct investment, to today's paradigm shift with an emphasis on community development.





WHO WE ARE AND WHAT WE DO...

Battle Creek Unlimited (BCU) is a private, nonprofit 501 (c)3, economic development corporation.

Mission - Build a strong community by driving strategic investment and job creation.

Vision - Engage the community to meet the economic opportunities and challenges of the future.

BCU guided the nation's first and most successful military base conversion into the fully developed modern 3,000-acre Fort Custer Industrial Park.

<u>1969</u>

Battle Creek first acquired abandoned military land 1,800 acres <u>1972</u>

BCU Established 501(c)3 <u>1974</u>

BCU's first delegation traveled to Japan <u>1976</u>

Customs
Port of
Battle
Creek
Designation

<u>1978</u>

Foreign-Trade Zone 43 Grant of Authority <u>1980</u>

Battle Creek TIFA Established

~CONTINUED~

1970's

24 NewCompanies

1980's

41 New
Companies

<u>1990's</u>

55 New Companies

2000's

32 New Companies

2010's

YTD **13 New** Companies

TODAY

85 Companies reside in the FCIP

~CONTINUED~

1970'S

1972 – The Master Plan was completed. BCU established their first office to market & manage the FCIP.





1973 – Embossing Printers, Inc. (EPI) & Archway moved into FCIP from landlocked antiquated downtown facilities.



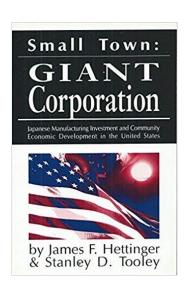
~CONTINUED~ 1970'S

Began Foreign Direct Investment Attraction

1974 - First delegation traveled to Japan







~ CONTINUED~ 1970'S

1976 – Battle Creek U.S. Customs Port of Entry was established.

1978 – The Customs Cargo Center facility was constructed with funding from the U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Development Agency and the City of Battle Creek Economic Development Commission Revenue Bonds.

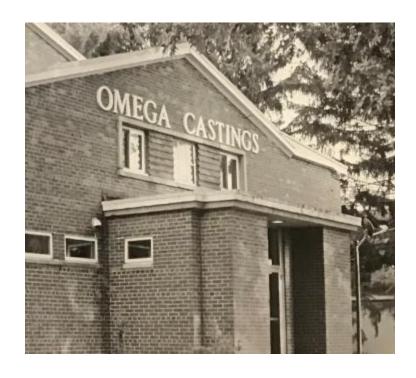
1978 – The Foreign-Trade Zone 43: Grant of Authority was established.

1979 – The Customs Cargo Center was renamed and dedicated in honor of Frederick R. Brydges' ten-year tenure as Battle Creek's Mayor.

~CONTINUED~ 1970'S

By the end of the 1970's, the Fort Custer Industrial Park was home to **24 companies**.





~CONTINUED~ 1980'S

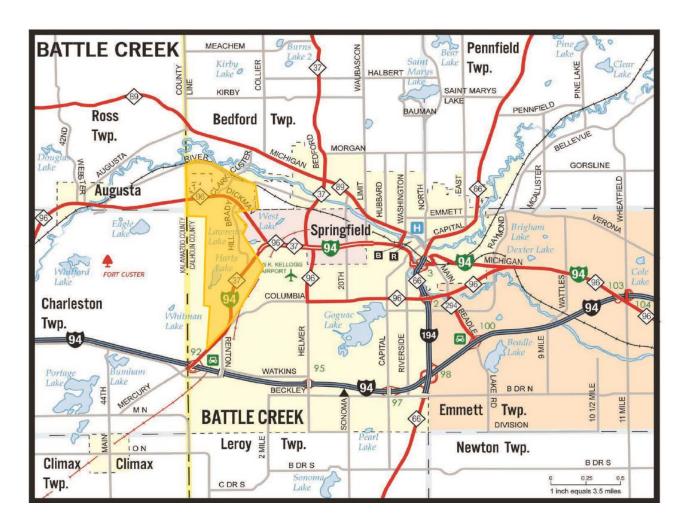
1980 – The Kellogg Company announced plans to build a Research and Development facility in Battle Creek.



~CONTINUED~

1980'S

1981 – Public Act 450 – Tax Increment Financing, Battle Creek Tax Increment Finance Authority to become the first industrial TIF in Michigan.



~CONTINUED~ 1980'S

1983 – The Kellogg Company broke ground for the Kellogg Company Headquarters in downtown Battle Creek.



1983 – Battle Creek and Battle Creek Township merged, growing the population from 35,000 to 56,000 and reducing city tax rates.

~CONTINUED~ 1980'S

1984 – Cortez Customhouse Brokerage Co. leased space in the Frederick R. Brydges Customs Cargo Center.



1984 – Battle Creek's Japanese Saturday School, which started in BCU's conference room, was registered with the Ministry of Education in Japan.

~CONTINUED~ 1980'S

1986 – Battle Creek Nippondenso was the first OEM facility constructed by Nippondenso in the U.S. The 500,000 sq. ft. Nippondenso facility was built on 65 acres for \$104 Million.

Governor James J. Blanchard noted this was the largest Japanese investment in the State of Michigan.



~CONTINUED~ 1980'S

By the end of the 1980's, the Fort Custer Industrial Park was home to **41 companies**.

While **7 companies expanded** in the Fort Custer Industrial Park





~CONTINUED~

1990'S

1990 – The Regional Manufacturing Technology Center (RMTC) was constructed to provide innovative, community-driven training programs.

1991 – Battle Creek became the sister city location to Takasaki, Japan.

1994 – Western Michigan University College of Aviation broke ground on the nation's first international school of aviation.





~CONTINUED~ 1990'S

By the end of the 1990's, Fort Custer Industrial Park became home to **55 additional companies**.

While 32 companies expanded in the Fort Custer Industrial Park.





~CONTINUED~ 2000'S

2000 – The new decade started with a total of \$46.9 million in private investment projects underway at nine (9) existing and two (2) new companies.

2003 – Denso Manufacturing announced back to back expansions, doubling its size – 1,300,000 million square feet.

2004 – The OC - 48 Ethernet Fiber Ring and sub-rings were completed, connecting downtown Battle Creek, Fort Custer Industrial Park, and the W.K. Kellogg Airport.

2004 – BCTIFA provided financing to facilitate ramp improvements at the W.K. Kellogg Airport to support Duncan Aviation's expansion.

~CONTINUED ~ 2000'S

Battle Creek has a large military presence. BCU works in partnership with the military and strives to protect our military assets.



Over 175,000 service members Approximately \$100,000,000















~CONTINUED~ 2000'S

2009 – The W.K. Kellogg Institute for Nutritional Research expanded.

2009 – An energetic downtown transformation began focused on adding beautiful streetscape, creating a stunning outdoor space, and updating building facades.

By the end of the 2000's,

Fort Custer Industrial Park became home to 32 additional companies.

While **20** companies expanded in the Fort Custer Industrial Park.

HISTORICAL OVERVIEW ~CONTINUED~ 2010'S

Year to date for the 2010's,

Fort Custer Industrial Park became home to 13 additional companies.

While **29 companies expanded** in the Fort Custer Industrial Park.

From **2010 – YTD**, the investment total in the Fort Custer Industrial Park is **\$977,323,556.13**.

The Fort Custer Industrial Park is currently home to **85 companies**, including **26 international companies** – **19 Japanese firms**.

HISTORICAL OVERVIEW ~CONTINUED~

Japanese Investment

To date - Battle Creek has the largest concentration of Japanese investment in the State of Michigan. There are 19 Japanese companies located in the Fort Custer Industrial Park.

There are roughly 500 Japanese firms in the entire State of Michigan that employ 50,000 Michiganders.

Of those 19 Japanese companies, they employ over 7,000 people in our community. Battle Creek's population is 52,000.

ECONOMIC IMPACT

FCIP - 3rd Largest Industrial Park in the Midwest



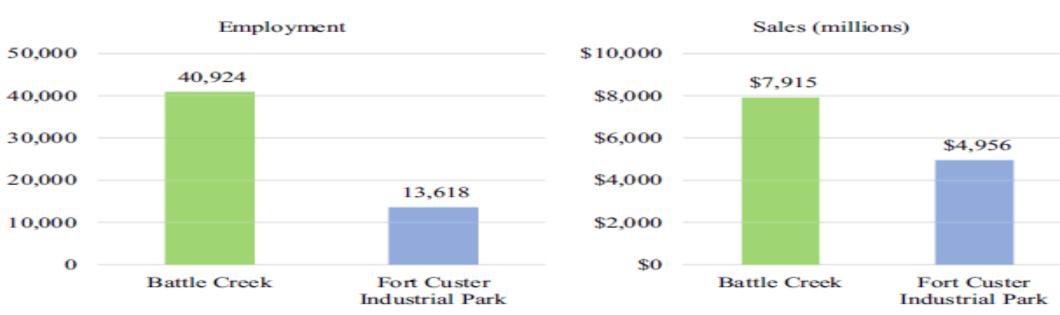
Abandoned military base becomes Fort Custer Industrial Park – era 1970's



Fort Custer Industrial Park Today – 85 businesses and over 13,000 employees

Average Salary \$51K per Year

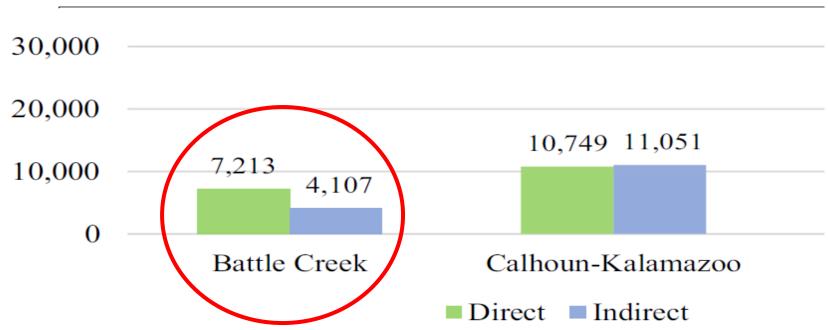
FIGURE 1. Battle Creek and Fort Custer Industrial Park Sales and Employment, 2016



Sources: Anderson Economic Group analysis of base data from Battle Creek Unlimited, Esri Business Analyst.

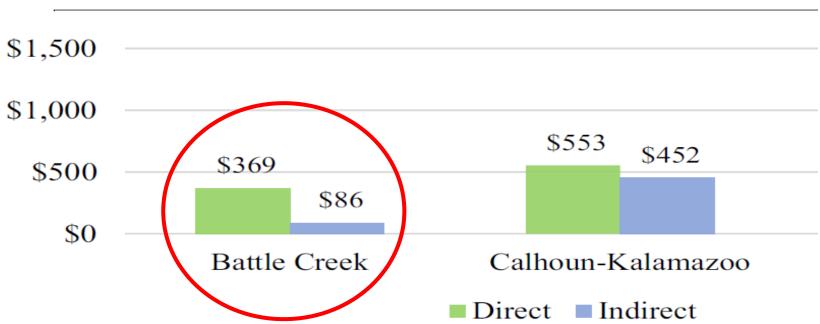
The park's \$5.0 billion in earnings support an additional \$1.0 billion in indirect output in the city, resulting in a total economic scope of \$6.0 billion in Battle

FIGURE 4. Fort Custer Industrial Park Direct and Indirect Employment by Region, 2016



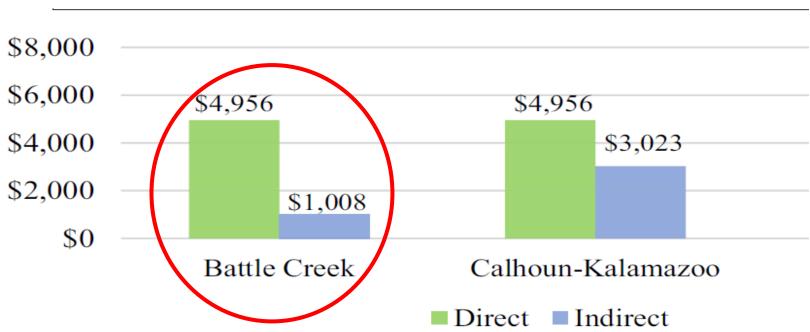
Source: Anderson Economic Group analysis of base data from Battle Creek Unlimited, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II Multipliers.

FIGURE 3. Fort Custer Industrial Park Direct and Indirect Earnings by Region, 2016 (millions)



Note: Earnings totals do not include temporary worker earnings. Source: Anderson Economic Group analysis of base data from Battle Creek Unlimited, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II Multipliers.

FIGURE 2. Fort Custer Industrial Park Direct and Indirect Output by Region, 2016 (millions)



Source: Anderson Economic Group analysis of base data from Battle Creek Unlimited, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II Multipliers.



TABLE 2. Fort Custer Industrial Park Fiscal Scope by Jurisdiction, 2016

REVENUE TYPE

| Jurisdiction | Property | Sales | Income | Total Revenue |
|-------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Battle Creek | \$930,838 | \$0 | 5,599,429* | \$6,530,267 |
| Education** | \$5,966,311 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,966,311 |
| Calhoun County | \$524,329 | \$0 | \$0 | \$524,329 |
| State of Michigan | \$1,610,307 | \$35,727,244* | \$61,206,802* | \$98,544,353 |

^{*}Does not include sales or income tax revenue attributed to temporary workers.

^{**}Includes Battle Creek and Lakeview School Districts, Calhoun ISD, and Kellogg Community College. Sources: Anderson Economic Group analysis of base data from Battle Creek Unlimited, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II Multipliers, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Expenditure Survey, Battle Creek TIF Authority Development Plan and FY 2016 Financial Statement, Battle Creek Assessor's Office.

PROMOTIONAL VIDEO

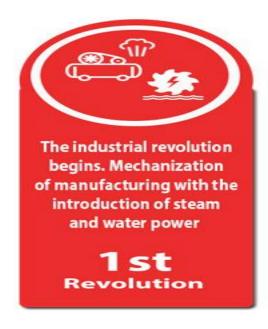




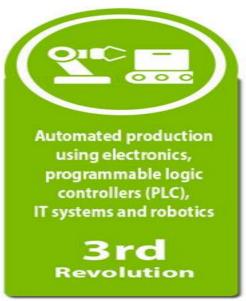
MODERN DAY LOOKBACK

The world began to change exponentially, but we did not.

INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION









MODERN DAY LOOKBACK

~CONTINUED~

Industry 4.0 - Technological pillars

Advanced Robotics



MODERN DAY LOOKBACK

People are mobile – population shift

Higher education – 20 to 30 years of degreed people

Economic shifts – FDI

Rise in the millennial effect

Labor – low unemployment – labor participation rates

Amazon

Recession of 2007



OEM'S ARE SHIFTING TO THE SOUTH

| EST. | OEM | FACTORY LOCATION | |
|------|------------------|---|--|
| 1982 | Honda | Marysville, OH | |
| 1983 | Nissan | Smyrna, TN | |
| 1986 | Toyota | Georgetown, KY | |
| 1988 | Subaru | Lafayette, IN | |
| 1989 | Honda | East Liberty, OH | |
| 1992 | BMW | Greer, SC | |
| 1993 | Mercedes-Benz | Vance, AL | |
| 1995 | Hino | Williamston, WV | |
| 1996 | Toyota | Princeton, IN | |
| 1999 | Honda | Lincoln, AL | |
| 2002 | Hyundai | Montgomery, AL | |
| 2003 | Toyota | San Antonio, TX | |
| 2003 | Nissan | Canton, MS | |
| 2008 | Honda | Greensburg, IN | |
| 2009 | Kia | West Point, GA | |
| 2010 | Tesla | Freemont, CA (site of the Toyota/GM NUMI factory) | |
| 2011 | Toyota | Blue Springs, MS | |
| 2011 | VW | Chattanooga, TN | |
| 2016 | Karma Automotive | Moreno Valley, CA | |
| 2017 | Mahindra | Detroit, MI | |
| 2018 | Volvo | Ridgeville, SC | |
| 2018 | Mercedes-Benz | Ladson SC | |
| 2018 | Hino | Mineral Wells, WV | |
| 2020 | Rivian | Normal, IL (former Mitsubishi factory) | |
| 2020 | Lucid | Casa Grande, AZ | |
| 2021 | Mazda | Huntsville, AL (JV with Toyota) | |
| TBD | Faraday Future | Hanford, CA | |

OEM'S ARE SHIFTING TO THE SOUTH



Marysville, Ohio, Honda factory workers install an engine on a 1983 Accord sometime in late 1982.

Marvin T. Runyon, right, president of Nissan U.S.A., waves to Nissan workers as he drives "Job 1" off the assembly line at the new Nissan plant in Smyrna on June 16, 1983.





December 1985:
Toyota announces Kentucky
will be the location of its first
wholly owned U.S. automotive
manufacturing facility.

Boeing's labour problems

Moving factories to flee unions

An example of "anti-union animus"?

Three Key Reasons Why The South Will Keep Fighting The UAW

Why are these Southern downtowns seeing a rebirth?

Study highlights lack of fair access to urban green spaces

ESSAY

HOW THE SOUTH USES ITS 'ANTI-UNION ARSENAL' TO KEEP WORKERS FROM ORGANIZING

At a Mississippi Nissan Plant, New Global Owners Wield Old Local Politics Against the United Auto Workers

Outlook for Leisure & Recreation Services Industry Looks Bright

How turning Ellsworth into an 'experience' revived its downtown

Six systems in 7 years and Michigan students still lag.

Now comes A to F.

Volkswagen to build electric vehicles at Tennessee plant

Study: Access to urban green spaces favor the rich, educated

Higher income improves life rating but not emotional well-being

by Princeton University

WE UNINTENTIONALLY TOOK OUR EYE OFF THE BALL

- We're behind and exponentially need to catch up
 - Deploying resources in a non-traditional way
 - Administrative turnover (value in longevity)
 - Desired work environments/flexibility
 - Collaboration

No-strings attached approach

Timing

Next generation technologies

Workforce Housing Mobility
Education Places Small Business

~CONTINUED~

WORKFORCE

Manufacturing Consortium

FORD NGL*



~CONTINUED~

EDUCATION

May 5, 2018



\$51,000,000, for education

~CONTINUED~

HOUSING

Heritage Tower \$32.3 Million Project with housing





~CONTINUED~

PLACES

Unconventional RFP's

Brewery

Restaurant

Arts & Entertainment?





~CONTINUED~

PLACES

Proven Results:



\$200,000 Incentive = \$3,850,000 Investment \$200,000 Incentive

\$1,700,000 Investment for Mixed Use & Brewery

+

~CONTINUED~

MOBILITY





~CONTINUED~

SMALL BUSINESSES





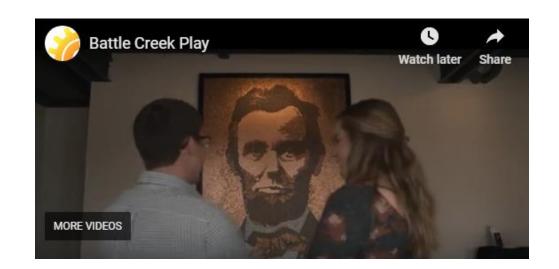
PROMOTIONAL VIDEOS













CLOSING/TAKEAWAYS

Times have changed, and the world will continue to exponentially change.

The days of only focusing on primary employment are not over, but few and far between with labor situations and market size.

You must simultaneously focus on both primary recruitment and community development.

CLOSING/TAKEAWAYS

Its costly (both with human and capital resources) to catchup.

It requires public private partnerships and buy-in from everyone to be successful.

At the end of the day, we are all working at the speed of light towards a common goal with fewer and fewer recourses, both human and capital.

THANK YOU!

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